WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

5

1.0

C

25

30

1. An in-plane switching mode liquid crystal display device comprising:

first and second substrates;

a liquid crystal layer between the first and second substrates;

gate and data lines arranged to cross each other on the first substrate;

a plurality of common electrodes and data electrodes for applying an electric field parallel to the first substrate within a pixel region defined by the gate and data lines; and

at least one dummy pattern overlapping at least one portion of the data lines.

- 2. The device as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a gate insulating film between the data line and the dummy pattern.
- 3. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the dummy pattern overlaps first and second portions of the data line.
- 4. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the dummy pattern is integral with at least one of the common electrodes.
- \int 5. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the dummy pattern includes a material the same as that of the common electrode. (110)
- 6. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the dummy pattern includes a transparent conductive material.

7. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the common electrode includes a transparent conductive material.

DC:83030.1

25

- 8. The device as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a common line in parallel to the gate lines.
- 9. The device as claimed in claim 8, wherein the common line is electrically connected with the plurality of common electrodes.
- 10. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the data 10 line being overlapped portion of the dummy pattern is electrically connected with the dummy pattern.
 - 11. The device as claimed in claim 4, wherein a portion of at least one of the common electrodes integral with the dummy pattern is electrically insulated from the common line.
 - 12. A method for manufacturing an in-plane switching mode liquid crystal display device comprising:

forming a gate line, a gate electrode, a common electrode, at least one dummy pattern, and a common line on a first substrate;

forming a gate insulating film on an entire surface of the first substrate;

forming a data line crossing the gate line to partially overlap the dummy pattern;

forming a data electrode integral with the data line; forming a passivation film on the entire surface of the

first substrate including the data line and the data electrode;

- forming a liquid crystal layer between the first substrate and a second substrate opposite to the first substrate.
 - 13. The method as claimed in claim 12, further comprising forming a common line in parallel to the gate line.

 DC:83030.1

- 14. The method as claimed in claim 12, further comprising electrically connecting the data line with the dummy pattern.
- 5 15. The method as claimed in claim 14, wherein the overlapped portion between the data line and the dummy pattern is electrically connected with the data line.
- 16. The method as claimed in claim 12, further comprising electrically insulating a portion of the common electrode from the common line.
 - 17. The method as claimed in claim 16, wherein the dummy pattern is integral with the common electrode.
 - 18. The method as claimed in claim 12, wherein the common electrode and the dummy pattern are formed of a transparent conductive material.
 - 19. The method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the transparent conductive material includes indium tin oxide.